# **ELT & the science of happiness** tasks

MarcHelgesen@gmail.com

www.ELTandHappiness.com

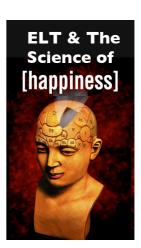
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# **Happiness dictation**. Copy the sentences.

Each student gets one. They dictate to each other.

① Remember good things in your life.
② Say "thank you" to people who help you.
3 Take time for your friends and family.
④ Do kind things.
⑤ Forgive people who make you feel bad.
© Take care of your health and your body.
7 Notice good things as they happen.

® Learn to work with your problems and your stress.



#### More information about these at: http://tinyurl.com/84happiness

• Happiness Haiku: This is to review and go deeper with the ideas above. Divide students into pairs. Give each pair one of the sentences above (①-⑧), a sheet of A3 or B4 paper and a magic marker. They think of a haiku (5-7-5 syllables) for their happiness idea. Then they share ideas as a group. Sample haiku to get started: Our feelings reflect (5)/ the things we do every day (7)/ Choose to be happy

#### 1 Remember good things in your life.

Language Focus: Past simple and other past tense forms.

- My top 5. Students list 5 good things from the past year (month, etc.). They explain. Partners listen and "shadow" (repeat key ideas) and ask follow-up questions.
- Happiness Journal. Each week, students write down 4-5 good things that have happened in their lives. This helps them notice and focus on the positive.

#### 2 Do kind things.

Language Focus: habitual present, imperatives.

- Compliments. Groups of 4-5. Each person compliments each other person. The partner just says, "Thank you." At the end, they mentally review. ("(Name) said I...").
- Random acts of kindness. Brainstorm "kind things" that people can easily do. Write them on the board. Have students decide which they will do. It is a promise to themselves. Ideas: • Say "thank you" to someone at school (the cleaning people, the office staff, etc.), • Give up your bus/train seat to an old person or someone with a baby • Smile at someone who is not smiling. • Pick up a bicycle that fell over. • Compliment someone (say something nice) • Pick up some garbage outside. Throw it away (It is kind to the earth). • Turn off a light that isn't needed. (Also kind to the earth). • Send an email to friends. Tell them how much appreciate them

#### 3 Say "thank you" to people who help you.

Language Focus: expressing gratitude, giving reasons, narrative

• Thank you to the world. In pairs/groups, students see how many languages they can say, "thank you" in. Then they think of countries and reasons. Examples:

- I want to say "shukran" to Egypt because they invented mathematics.

  I want to say "grazie" to Italy because they gave the world great art. And pizza.

   Awards. (Near the end of the year/term) Groups of 4-5. Each student makes an award for all the other members of their group.
- Someone special. Students think about someone who has helped them in their lives. They explain to partners why they want to thank them. (Hint: Have them change partners and repeat their story 3-4 times. Both fluency and accuracy improve).
  - Also see Thank you letter, below.

#### 4 Take time for your friends and family.

Language Focus: Talking about family. expressing gratitude, narrative

• Thank you letter. Students write a thank you letter to someone in their family (or a friend, or someone who has helped them). They write once in their first language and once in English. Encourage them to give/send the L1 version to the person.

• My family. Groups of 4-5. Students use toothpicks or other small objects to describe their family. They say at least 3-4 sentences about each person, including one saying why the person is special. Then partners try to remember what was said.

### **⑤** Forgive people who make you feel bad.

Language Focus: Understanding metaphor

- Metaphor. Students hold something heavy (e.g., a dictionary) with their arm extended. Read them a longish passage like this. The weight becomes a metaphor for not forgiving. Sample text (• = pause) Someone did something bad to you. Forgiveness does NOT mean it was OK. Forgiveness does NOT mean that person can do it again. Forgiveness is important for things that must NOT be done again. When you do not forgive, who is hurt? The person who did the bad thing usually doesn't know. Or doesn't remember. Or doesn't care. The anger is in your heart. You carry the weight. It does not help to know why the person did the bad thing. Usually that person doesn't know. You carry the weight. You have the power to let it go.
- A story. Students listen to a story about forgiveness. Optional: they draw pictures. There's a famous on about 2 Buddhist monks and a woman. Search the internet for: *monks carry her*

#### 6 Take care of your health and your body.

Language Focus: introductions/greetings, establishing a good class atmosphere/culture

- Smile introductions. Talk about the health benefits of smiling: https://www.verywell.com/top-reasons-to-smile-every-day-2223755. They students stand, circulate and greet each other with a big smile: *Hi*, *I'm* (name). How are you? I'm great/wonderful/super, etc. There's a poster with the benefits on the poster page of the website.
- Laughter circles. Students stand in circles and change "Ho. Ho. Ha-ha-ha" until they spontaneously start laughing. (Fake it 'til you make it.)
- Smile writing. Students put a pencil in their mouth horizontally, they write the sentence, "(<u>Own name</u>) is (adjective). Examples: great, awesome, wonderful, brilliant, a super student, fantastic." Holding the mouth in this position releases endorphins (positive chemicals) in the brain.

#### 7 Notice good things as they happen.

Language Focus: Present simple, imperatives

- Good things, right now. In pairs, students list as many positive things in their lives as possible in one minute. Then change partners and do this again.
- Experiencing a blueberry. Give each student a blueberry or other piece of fruit. In a slow, even voice, lead them in eating it mindfully. For a complete script, visit:

#### https://tinyurl.com/mindfulBlueberry

## ® Learn to work with your problems and your stress.

Language Focus: Past tenses.

- Moving on. Students think of a problem they had in the past. I must be one they overcame. They tell their partner(s) what it was and what they did to get past it. Again, this is good to do with 2-3 different partners to increase fluency and accuracy.
- Successful learner self-talk/neck massage Students stand in a circle of 8-12. They walk slowly, massaging the neck of the person in front of them, repeating the one of the positive sentences to the person in front of them. Note: they say it in the first person (*I am*) as they are both their own and other person's innervoice. Positive sentences: Learning English makes me feel good. Learning English is my passion. I believe I'm a good student. I'm hungry for English.
- O **Savoring**. "Savoring" means "to pay attention to, appreciate and make positive experiences stronger." It is a combination of ① & ⑦ above, plus anticipating good future events.

Language Focus: past, present and future tenses.

- 3 good things. Each day for one week, students write down 3 good things that happened that day and why. In research, this leads to increase positive emotion for six month. You may want them to discuss a few next class.
- Types of positive emotion: Teach these 10 types of positive feelings: joy, gratitude (saying thanks), serenity (a peaceful mind), interest, hope, pride, amusement, inspiration, awe (so wonderful there are not words), love. Students choose one and think about a time they felt that way. They close their eyes and mentally reexperience the event. Thinking through the WH-questions related to the event is a good way to do this. As they do, they thing about how to describe it in English. Then they open their eyes and describe it to a partner. Variation: Have them change partners and continues this. You can add the 4-3-2 format (4-minutes, 3:00, 2:00 time sequence to add a challenge).
- Take a hike. Alone or as a group, students walk outside for 15-20 minutes, mostly silently. They see how many elements of nature they can notice, even in cities. Each time they do, the notice their senses. Later discuss.
- 5 pictures (mindfulness). Students photograph 5 important, good things in their lives. In class, they explain what they are and why they are important. Partners ask WH-questions. Change partners and continue.

   Hardwire Happiness. Students think of a positive experience. Tell a partner partner asks WH O's. This
- Hardwire Happiness. Students think of a positive experience. Tell a partner. Partner asks WH Q's. This helps the speaker go deeper into the feeling. Reverse roles. Change partners. Repeat several times with different times.
- O **Flourishing.** Martin Seligman, a founder of Positive Psychology, says there are 5 elements of what we need to flourish. They are **PERMA**: Positive emotions (most of the activities on these 2 pages are for that), **E**ngagement, **R**elationship, **M**eaning(fulness), and **A**ccomplishment (also called **A**gency. For a handout of 16 classroom ideas, visit **https://tinyurl.com/16Flourish**